

E.g. Determine h so that the system

$$\begin{cases} x_2 + 5x_3 = 4 \\ x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 = h \\ 2x_1 + 6x_2 - 4x_3 = 2 \end{cases}$$

is consistent

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 & h \\ 2 & 6 & -4 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r_1 \leftrightarrow r_2 \\ \sim \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \textcircled{1} & 4 & 3 & h \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & -4 & 2 \end{array} \right] \sim \begin{array}{l} r_3 - 2 \cdot r_1 \\ \sim \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 3 & h \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & -10 & 2-2h \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 3 & h \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & -10 & 2-2h \end{array} \right]$$

$$r_3^* = r_3 + 2 \cdot r_2$$

$$\sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \textcircled{1} & 4 & 3 & h \\ 0 & \textcircled{1} & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2-2h+8 \end{array} \right] \quad 10-2h$$

$$r_1^* = 4 \cdot r_2$$

$$\sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \textcircled{1} & 0 & -17 & h-16 \\ 0 & \textcircled{1} & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 10-2h \end{array} \right]$$

← reduced echelon form

By theorem 2:

matrix is consistent \Leftrightarrow reduced echelon form does NOT contain $[0 \ 0 \ 0 \mid \blacksquare]$

nonzero

↓

Reduced echelon form does NOT contain

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & | & \blacksquare \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow$$

$$10 - 2h = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow$$

$$h = 5$$

has SOME
solution
↙

Summary the system is consistent

$$\Leftrightarrow$$

$$h = 5.$$

NOTICE

\nexists the system is consistent

\Rightarrow NO pivot in column 3 \Rightarrow

(x_3 is free)

∞ -many
solutions

NOTICE two cases for original system

